

WFS1 D367E — Wolframin

Aspartic acid → Glutamic acid at position 367. Luminal loop 1. ClinVar Uncertain significance, AlphaMissense 0.729, DynaMut2 $\Delta\Delta G$ +0.01 kcal/mol (stabilising).

IDENTITY

Variant	D367E (p.Aspartic acid367Glutamic acid)
DNA change	c.1101C>G
Gene · Protein	WFS1 · Wolframin (890 aa)
UniProt	O76024 · WFS1_HUMAN
ClinVar accession	VCV002883088
Amino acid change	Aspartic acid (D) → Glutamic acid (E)

STRUCTURAL CONTEXT

AlphaFold model	AF-O76024-F1, v6
pLDDT at residue 367	79.50 HIGH CONFIDENCE
Domain	Luminal loop 1
Position context	C-terminal luminal domain · position 367 projects into the ER lumen
IDR flag	No — pLDDT well above 50 threshold

Position 367 sits in the C-terminal luminal domain (residues 653–869), wolframin's largest soluble region. This domain projects into the ER lumen and is implicated in calcium handling, ER stress sensing, and protein–protein interactions with ATF6 and Na⁺/K⁺ ATPase β 1. The wild-type residue is negatively charged (aspartate — carboxylate); the mutant is negatively charged (glutamate — carboxylate). The chemistry shift implies altered local packing, hydrogen-bonding, and/or electrostatics at this site.

COMPUTATIONAL PREDICTIONS

ALPHAMISSENSE

0.729am_class: **likely pathogenic** —
threshold > 0.564DYNAMUT2 $\Delta\Delta G$ **0.01** kcal/mol

Stabilising · Job 178092123285

PLDDT (ALPHAFOLD)

79.50

high confidence

CLINICAL EVIDENCE

ClinVar classification	UNCERTAIN SIGNIFICANCE
Review status	criteria provided, multiple submitters, no conflicts
Last evaluated	2024/03/20 00:00
Inheritance	Inheritance pattern not specified in ClinVar entry; WFS1 has both AD and AR presentations.
WFS1 variant landscape	D367E is 1 of ~326 pathogenic-spectrum variants in WFS1 (out of 2,243 in ClinVar)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Inborn genetic diseases

RESEARCH PATH DECISION TREE

$\Delta\Delta G < 2$ + binding site affected → CATEGORY 3 – docking experiments $\Delta\Delta G 2-4$ → CATEGORY 2 – pharmacological chaperones $\Delta\Delta G > 4$ → CATEGORY 1 – gene therapy pLDDT < 50 → CATEGORY 5 – IDR, experimental only Stable fold + functional site hit → CATEGORY 4 – site-specific docking

Category 3/4 — Most Druggable

$|\Delta\Delta G|=0.01 < 2$ kcal/mol (fold intact) + AlphaMissense 0.729 confirms functional impact. Specific local contacts disrupted — priority for docking and pharmacological chaperone screening.

Wolframín's fold survives this substitution ($|\Delta\Delta G|=0.01$ kcal/mol). The pathogenic signal is real — AlphaMissense places it at 0.729. Protein still folds, but a specific local site is broken. Pharmacological chaperones and small-molecule binders are the rational therapeutic vector.